

## ASC – COVID RISK ASSESMENT

## Note

- 1. All Instructors must read and fully understand the information on this document before attending any session.
- 2. In addition to this document, Instructors also need to pay attention to any "safety notes" given in the session plan that are specifically for the activities on the day.
- 3. This document must be reviewed and updated whenever there is a change to any of the activity session plan.
- 4. Each hazard is given a rating depending on possible harm (0=no first aid, 1=minor first aid, 2=moderate first aid, 3=sent home, 4=hospitalisation).

Hazard	Potential harm	Risk Level	Steps taken to reduce/remove risk	Likelihood
Movement of persons around the school setting	Entrance and exit to childcare setting causing people to congregate compromising social distancing.		Check school ASC COVID protocols during ASC booking. Information to be added to individual School Profiles.  Professor to follow school protocols.  Follow any one-way systems for movement around the school.  Inform parents of new after school club collection procedure.  Discourage parents from gathering together encourage them to follow the schools' social distancing procedures to minimise the adult to adult contact.  Use a non-contact signing out form with passwords.	
	Overcrowding in classrooms & corridors		Keep to small groups (a bubble), with no more than 15 children per small group.  Implement a seating plan at the start of term, taking into account the existing school bubble groups.  Activities / tables to be spaced as far apart as possible, do not move the school tables or signage.  Reduce movement around the classroom, where possible keep all activities desk-based.	
	Spread of virus due to increased numbers of people within the building.		Only 1 professor per ASC. Restrict group sizes so assistants are not needed. Keep the same Professor for the whole term.	
	Inadequate social distancing measures leading to spread of the virus		Always keep bubble groups together where possible – in same small groups of maximum 15 children. Seat each bubble group in a different area of the classroom and minimise contact between bubbles.	
	Group work leading to inadequate social distancing measures		Adapt session plans so they do not require close group work.	
Premises related matters	Changes to building use being safe for pupils & staff – e.g.		Check school ASC COVID protocols during ASC booking. Information to be added to individual School Profiles.	

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	storage, one-way systems, floor tape.	Professor to make themselves aware of school specific measures that have been taken (e.g. handwashing, one-way systems, allocation of specific areas).  Consider how the layout will enable access to toilet facilities, outdoor space and the equipment necessary for each bubble group. Consider how changes will impact on arrangements such as safe fire evacuation routes.	
	Classroom set-up	Do not move the tables and chairs, they will have been placed with COVID safety in mind.	
	Fire Procedures	Check with the school the fire procedures taking into consideration any changes made to the layout, and the impact this may have on fire evacuation and escape routes. Information to be added to individual School Profiles.  Professor to check most up to date procedures on arrival at the school and review fire evacuation routes and assembly points to ensure that social distancing guidelines are followed.	
	Using and monitoring	Training of all Professors prior to start of term – to include contents of this RA, awareness of each school	
	new practices to	having possible alternative layouts and any changes to fire evacuation routes, use of PPE, cleaning	
	reduce risk of Covid-19	arrangements, location of designated room for suspected cases.	
	transmission	Ensure there are opportunities for all employees to raise concerns / make suggestions.	
	Staff rooms and offices	If the school allows the use of the staff room Professor to follow the school protocol and keep to social	
	to comply with social distancing and safe working practice	distancing.  Follow the school protocol for signing in at reception.	
	Ventilation to reduce spread	Open classroom windows and prop doors open, where safe to do so (bearing in mind fire safety, security and safeguarding). Where mechanical ventilation is present, recirculatory systems should be adjusted to full fresh air. If mechanical ventilation systems cannot be adjusted to full fresh air these should be switched off.	
	Management of waste	Use covered bins for disposal of used tissues.	
Cleaning and reducing contamination	Contaminated surfaces spreading virus.	Check school ASC COVID cleaning protocols for before and after the club during ASC booking. Information to be added to individual School Profiles.  Remove unnecessary items from classroom tables where there is space to store it elsewhere.  Provide cleaning equipment in Professors kit. Gloves, cleaning spray, disposable cloths and paper towels.  Minimise equipment in kit to make cleaning regimes easier, consider not using equipment that is difficult to sanitise.  Follow government cleaning guidance if a someone becomes ill with suspected COVID-19 (*See below)	

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	Shared resources and equipment increasing spread	Check if the school provides each child with their own stationery equipment set. Update school profile. Provide enough stationery equipment in kit for one per child to prevent the sharing of stationery and other equipment where possible.  Equipment to be cleaned by Professor after each use.	
	Using equipment – multiple-use	Ensure all equipment is appropriately cleaned between bubbles of children and after each session.	
	Sufficient handwashing facilities for staff and children.	Check school ASC COVID handwashing protocols for before and after the club during ASC booking. Information to be added to individual School Profiles. Children to wash their hands before the start of the club. Where a sink is not nearby, provide supervised access to hand sanitiser at the start and during the ASC.	
	Additional time for staff and children to carry out handwashing	Allow 5 minutes at the start of ASC for children to wash their hands – ensure social distancing by limiting the number of children at one time.	
	Sufficient supplies of soap and cleaning products	Professors to be supplied with hand sanitiser, cleaning spray, paper towel, disposable cleaning cloths, disposable gloves, disposable fluid-resistant face masks, disposable aprons, reusable face shield, rubbish bags.	
	Toilets being overcrowded	Check school ASC COVID toilet protocols during ASC booking. Information to be added to individual School Profiles.  In the absence of a school protocol, limit the number of children who use the toilet facilities at one time. Visiting the toilet one after the other if necessary. Where possible different toilets should be used by each bubble group. Toilets should be cleaned after each use.	
Staff related issues	Anxiety levels of staff and community causing breakdown in staffing ratios, compromising group sizes.	Talk to staff about (or where not possible put in writing) the plans (for example, safety measures, timetable changes, extra training and school liaison), including discussing whether training would be helpful. If appropriate, seek GP or occupational health advice.	
	Staff understanding of new changes – safe practice at the setting.	Talk to and involve staff with the planning during ASC training.	
	Conditions for use of fluid-resistant face mask and other PPE	If anyone becomes unwell with a new, continuous cough or a high temperature, or has a loss of, or change in, their normal sense of taste of smell, they must be sent home and advised to follow the Stay At Home: guidance for households with possible or confirmed coronavirus (COVID-19) infection. They should self-	

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equipment when dealing with a symptomatic child are clear and understood by staff.	isolate for at least 10 days and arrange to have a test to see if they have coronavirus (COVID-19.) Other members of their household must self-isolate for 14 days from when the initial household member first had symptoms.  If a child, becomes unwell with symptoms of coronavirus while in the setting and needs direct personal care until they can return home, a disposable fluid-resistant face mask should be worn by the supervising adult if a distance of 2 meters cannot be maintained.  If close contact with the child or young person is necessary, then gloves, an apron and a disposable fluid-resistant face mask should be worn by the supervising adult. If a risk assessment determines that there is a risk of splashing to the eyes, for example from coughing, spitting, or vomiting, then eye protection should also be worn.  Ensure that disposable fluid-resistant face masks are available and a supply is maintained.	
Use of PPE Lack of understanding	Adequate training / briefing on use and safe disposal of PPE.  Follow guidance on putting on and taking off standard PPE COVID 19 personal protective-equipment use for non-aerosol generating procedures and above guidance on use in education settings.	
Social distancing	Professors should (where possible) exercise social distancing with other staff and children they are working with.	
Dealing with suspected and confirmed cases	Follow government guidance on what happens if someone becomes ill and what happens if there is a confirmed case of coronavirus.  If a Professor or child becomes unwell with a new, continuous cough or a high temperature, or has a loss of, or change in, their normal sense of taste of smell, they must be sent home and advised to follow the Stay at Home guidance for households with possible or confirmed coronavirus (COVID-19) infection. They should self-isolate for at least 10 days and arrange to have a test to see if they have coronavirus (COVID-19.) Other members of their household must self-isolate for 14 days from when the initial household member first had symptoms.  Inform the school office.  Contact Mother Nature Science Head Office so they can ensure proper follow-up with the parent and school is maintained.  Ensure accurate records of staff and pupils are maintained to enable public health contact tracking and test regimes.	
*Dealing with cleaning after suspected and confirmed cases	Contact the school office to inform them and arrange specialist cleaning of the area.  To dispose of waste from people with symptoms of coronavirus (COVID-19), such as disposable cleaning cloths, tissues and PPE: put it in a plastic rubbish bag and tie it when full	

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		place the plastic bag in a second labelled bin bag and tie it	
		put it in a suitable and secure place marked for storage for 72 hours	
		This waste should be stored safely and securely kept away from children. You should not put your waste	
		in communal waste areas until the waste has been stored for at least 72 hours.	
Child related issues	Children unable to follow guidance	Some children will need additional support to follow these measures.	
		Check the school procedure for an ill child with suspected COVID.	
		Take the temperature of the child with a disposable thermometer.	
		Lack of high temperature is not an accurate sign of non-COVID infection.	
	Member of a bubble	If a child becomes unwell during an ASC with symptoms of COVID-19 (a new, continuous cough <b>or</b> a high temperature, <b>or</b> has a loss of, or change in, their normal sense of taste of smell) immediately contact the parent to collect the child.	
	group becoming unwell with COVID-19	If a child is awaiting collection, if possible, move them to an area where they can be isolated behind a closed door, depending on the age of the child and with appropriate adult supervision. (Follow individual school procedures). Ideally, a window should be opened for ventilation. If it is not possible to isolate them, move them to an area which is at least 2 metres away from other people.  If the Professor has to approach the child closer than 2M they should wear a disposable fluid-resistant face mask, disposable apron, disposable gloves. If they feel there is a risk of droplet contamination i.e. from	
		coughing, sneezing, spitting or vomiting they should wear a face shield.	
Communications with parents and others	Parents, contractors and other staff entering or working in the setting.	Tell parents, carers or any visitors, such as suppliers, not to enter the childcare setting if they are displaying any symptoms of coronavirus.	
	Communications to parents and staff	Regular communications, update emergency contact details for all children.	
	Parent aggression	Tell parents their allocated drop off and collection times and the process for doing so, including protocols	
	due to anxiety and	for minimising adult to adult contact (for example, which entrance to use, use of password instead of	
	stress.	signing) to reduce anxiety	